Is battering ever lifthreatening?

What are the effects of domestic violence on Yes. A woman is more likely to die at homechildren?

omestic violence is a problemat the hands of her abuser than by any other over there is abuse or violence within a

form of violence. that you do not have to face alone.

Advocates from the Saint Paulam I to blame for the abuse?

InterventionNo. The abusive person is alwaysvictims of the abusive person. They may also Domestic Abuse Project can help you understangesponsible for the violence. It is that become loners because they can't talk with how you can use the criminal person's attitudes, choices, and problems the family secret or don't feel justice system to hold the abusive $^{\text{cause the cause.}}$

Project advocates can also lend support and talk with you about other resources available to help you deal with the domestic violence in your life.

We are here to help you regardless of your age, ethnic and racial background, sexual orientation, or level. A Spanish economic speaking advocate is available.

Is alcohol and excessive drinking the cause of the battering behavior?

No. There is little support for the idebat drinking or drug use causes physical abuse. In fact, where it is a factor, it seems to be used as an excuse for the abuse.

Intervention Project suicide? 651-645-2824

St Paul Domestic Abuse $_{\mbox{\footnotesize Do}}$ abusive people ever threaten to commit

Yes. Some abusive people threaten to commit suicide, especially if they seen that the person they want to control wants to leave. But abusers rarely do it. This is another way you may be manipulated through guilt to stay.

family, everyone is affected. Sometimes the physical scars heal more quickly than the emotional ones. Children risk becoming free to have friends over. They may learn to person accountable for the abuse. Do battered women ever feel like they are become battered because this is the type of role modeling they saw at home.

> Why do battered women stay in abusive relationships? Battered women stay for many reasons. Some feel

beaten, broken, and bloody woman is the picture that comes to

mind when we hear the phrase battered woman. Actually, you can receive less severe abuse but still experience the fear, pain, and shame felt by a battered woman.

Assault, including domestic assault, is a crime in Minnesota. Many different abusive acts are against the law. While not all of the following examples of physical,

Forced you off the road or kept you from driving.

Pulled your hair.

Dragged you.

Pulled your arms, legs, or other body parts.

Ripped your clothing.

Raped you.

Threatened you with a weapon.

Used a weapon on you.

Hit or beat you with other objects.

Stabbed you.

Burned you

sexual; and emotional abuse fall under the legal definition of assault, all of them do not result in physical injury. However, the contribute to the fear, pain and shame that mosphere of fear and violence these acts vou can experience as a battered womacreate is abusive and results in the emotional pain that accompanies physical abuse.

Withheld or mae vou beg for sexual affection.

Made you strip when you did not watot when youtwo were alone or wheathers were around.

What is physical abuse?

You have been physically abused if another person has

Pushed and shoved you.

Held you down and kept you from leaving or getting up.

Bitten you.

Kicked you.

Choked you.

Hit or punched you once, twice, or repeatedly, which may or may not leav resulted in visible physical injury.

Tied or otherwise physically restrained you.

Thrown objects at you that may or may not have hit you.

Locked you out of your house.

Abandoned you in dangerous places.

Refused to help you (for example, to get medical help) when you were sick, injured, or pregnant.

Forced you or the children to ride in a car while that person drove dangerously.

What is Sexual abuse?

You have been sexula abused if another person has

> Told anti-women jokes or saidad things of a sexual nature aboutvomen.

Treated women as sex objects.

Acted like he or she ownsou.

Accused you of being sexual with others Insisted that you dress more sexuallyn you wanted or said bad things aboutwho you dress.

Said bad things **bout** your body.

Put down your feelingabout sex.

Criticized your sexual past; blamed you if vou had been sexuallabused in the past or asa child.

Criticized you sexually (for example, called you frigid.

Insisted on touching you sexually when you did not want to be touched ±either when you two were alone or whenther people were around.

Called you a whore or a slut